

漢 書

[illegible]

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine whether there were differences in the prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease between two groups of men who had been exposed to asbestos during their working lives. One group consisted of 60 men who had worked in asbestos-related occupations and the other group consisted of 60 men who had never worked in such occupations. The prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease was determined by means of a questionnaire and physical examination. The results showed that the prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease was significantly higher in the group of men who had worked in asbestos-related occupations than in the group of men who had never worked in such occupations.

2025年12月15日 星期一